

I'm not a bot























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and, but the voyages of Christopher Columbus and other European voyages of discovery in the Americas, beginning the European colonization of the Americas, changed the course of modern history.Portrait of the founder of accounting, Luca Pacioli, by Jacopo de' Barbari (Museo di Capodimonte).1401: Dilawar Khan establishes the Malwa Sultanate in present-day central India.1402: Ottoman As a contd Empire, the Battle of Ankara results in the capture of Ankara by Timur.1402: Sultanate of Malacca founded by Parameswara.1611402: The settlement of the Canary Islands signals the beginning of the Spanish Empire.14031413: Ottoman Interregnum, a civil war between the four sons of Bayezid I.1403: The Yongle Emperor moves the capital of China from Nanjing to Beijing.[71]14041406: Regreg War, Majapahit civil war of secession between Wikramawardhana against Wirabhumi.1405: The Sultanate of Sulu is established by Sharif ul-Hishm.14051433: During the Ming treasure voyages, Admiral Zheng He of China sails through the Indian Ocean to Malacca, India, Ceylon, Persia, Arabia, and East Africa to spread China's influence and sovereignty. The first voyage, a massive Ming dynasty naval expedition ending in 1407, visited Java, Palembang, Malacca, Aru, Samudera and Lambrì.[8]1408: The last recorded event to occur in the Norse settlements of Greenland was a wedding in Hvalsey in the Eastern Settlement in 1408.The Northern Yuan dynasty and Turco-Mongol residual states and domains by the 15th century1410: The Battle of Grunwald is the decisive battle of the PolishLithuanianTeutonic War leading to the downfall of the Teutonic Knights.1410-1415: The last Welsh war of independence, led by Owain Glyndr.1414: Khizr Khan, deputed by Timur to be the governor of Multan, takes over Delhi following the Sayyid dynasty.1415: Henry the Navigator leads the conquest of Ceuta from the Moors marking the beginning of the Portuguese Empire.1415: Battle of Agincourt fought between the Kingdom of England and France.1415: Jan Hus is burned at the stake as a heretic at the Council of Constance.1417: A large goodwill mission led by three kings of Sulu, the Eastern King Paduka Pahala, the Western king Maharaja Kolamating and Cave king Paduka Prabhu as well as 340 members of their delegation, in what is now the southern Philippines, ploughed through the Pacific Ocean to China to pay tribute to the Yongle emperor of the Ming Dynasty.[9]1417: The East king of Sulu, Paduka Pahala, on their way home, suddenly died in Dzehou, a city in east China's Shandong province. The Yongle Emperor Zhu Di commissioned artisans to build a tomb for the king.[10]14191433: The Hussite Wars in Bohemia.Joan of Arc, a French peasant girl, directly influenced the result of the Hundred Years' War.1420: Construction of the Chinese Forbidden City is completed in Beijing.1420: In Sub-saharan Africa the Ife Empire has collapsed.1424: James I returns to Scotland after being held hostage under three Kings of England since 1406.1424: Deva Raya II succeeds his father Veera Vijaya Bukka Raya as monarch of the Vijayanagara Empire.1425: Catholic University of Leuven (Belgium) founded by Pope Martin V.1427: Reign of Itzcoatl begins as the fourth tlatoani of Tenochtitlan and the first emperor of the Aztec Empire.1429: Joan of Arc ends the Siege of Orlans and turns the tide of the Hundred Years' War.1429: Queen Subita succeeds her father Wikramawardhana as ruler of Majapahit.[11]1430: Rajah Lontok and Dayang Kalangitang become co-regent rulers of the ancient kingdom of Tondo.14319 January Pretrial investigations for Joao of Arc begin in Rouen, France under English occupation.3 March Pope Eugene IV succeeds Pope Martin V, to become the 207th pope.26 March The trial of Joan of Arc begins.30 May Nineteen-year-old Joan of Arc is burned at the stake.16 June the Teutonic Knights and vitrigalia sign the Treaty of Christmetmel, creating anti-Polish allianceSeptember Battle of Inverlochy: Donald Balloch defeats the Royalists.30 October Treaty of Medina del Campo, consolidating peace between Portugal and Castille.1462 December Henry VI of England is crowned King of France.1434: The Catholics and Ultraquists defeat the Taborites at the Battle of Lipany, ending the Hussite Wars.1438: Pachacuti founds the Inca Empire.Detail of The Emperor's Approach showing the Xuande Emperor's royal carriage. Ming dynasty of China.1440: Eton College founded by Henry VI.1440s: The Golden Horde breaks up into the Siberia Khanate, the Khanate of Kazan, the Astrakhan Khanate, the Crimean Khanate, and the Great Horde.14401469: Under Moctezuma I, the Aztecs become the dominant power in Mesoamerica.1440: Oba Ewuare comes to power in the West African city of Benin, and turns it into an empire.1440: Reign of Moctezuma I begins as the fifth tlatoani of Tenochtitlan and emperor of the Aztec Empire.1441: Jan van Eyck, Flemish painter, dies.1441: Portuguese navigators cruise West Africa and reestablish the European slave trade with a shipment of African slaves sent directly from Africa to Portugal.1441: A civil war between the Tutul Xiuex and Cocom breaks out in the League of Mayapan. As a consequence, the league begins to disintegrate.1442: Leonardo Bruni Portius Middle Ages cont Modern times 1443: Abdur Razzaq visits India.1443: King Sejong the Great publishes the hangul, the native phonetic alphabet system for the Korean language.1444: The Albanian League is established in Lezha, Skanderbeg is elected leader. A war begins against the Ottoman Empire. An Albanian state is set up and lasts until 1479.1444: Ottoman Empire under Sultan Murad II defeats the Polish and Hungarian armies under Wadysaw III of Poland and Jnos Hunyadi at the Battle of Varna.1445: The Kazan Khanate defeats the Grand Duchy of Moscow at the Battle of Suzdal.1446: Mallikarjuna Raya succeeds his father Deva Raya II as monarch of the Vijayanagara Empire.1447: Wijaya Parakrama Wardhana, succeeds Suhita as ruler of Majapahit.[11]1449: Saint Srimanta Sankaradeva was born.1449: Esen Tayisi leads an Oirat Mongol invasion of China which culminate in the capture of the Zhengtong Emperor at Battle of Tumu Fortress.Angkor, the capital of the Khmer Empire, was abandoned in the 15th century.1450s: Machu Picchu constructed.1450: Dayang Kalangitang become the Queen regnant of the ancient kingdom of Tondo that started Tondo's political dominance over Luzon.1451: Bahlu Khan Lodhi ascends the throne of the Delhi sultanate starting the Lodhi dynasty1451: Rajasawardhana, born Bhre Pamotan, styled Brawijaya II succeeds Wijayaparakramawardhana as ruler of Majapahit.[11]1453: The Fall of Constantinople marks the end of the Byzantine Empire and the death of the last Roman Emperor Constantine II and the beginning of the Classical Age of the Ottoman Empire.1453: The Battle of Castillon is the last engagement of the Hundred Years' War and the first battle in European history where cannons were a major factor in deciding the battle.1453: Reign of Rajasawardhana ends.[11]14541466: After defeating the Teutonic Knights in the Thirteen Years' War, Poland annexes Royal Prussia.14551485: Wars of the Roses English civil war between the House of York and the House of Lancaster.1456: Joan of Arc is posthumously acquitted of heresy by the Catholic Church, redeeming her status as the heroine of France.1456: The Siege of Belgrade halts the Ottomans' advance into Europe.1456: Girishawardhana, styled Brawijaya III, becomes ruler of Majapahit.[11]1457: Construction of Edo Castle begins. The seventeen Kuchikabals of Yucatan after The League of Mayapan.14611461: The League of Mayapan disintegrates. The league is replaced by seventeen Kuchkabal.1461: The city of Sanajevo is founded by the Ottomans.1461-2 February Battle of Mortimer's Cross: Yorkist troops led by Edward, Duke of York defeat Lancastrians under Owen Tudor and his son Jasper Tudor, Earl of Pembroke in Wales.17 February Second Battle of St Albans, England: The Earl of Warwick's army is defeated by a Lancastrian force under Queen Margaret, who recovers control of her husband.4 March The Duke of York seizes London and proclaims himself King Edward IV of England.5 March Henry VI of England is deposed by the Duke of York during war of the Roses.29 March Battle of Towton: Edward IV defeats Queen Margaret to make good his claim to the English throne (thought to be the bloodiest battle ever fought in England).28 June Edward, Richard of York's son, is crowned as Edward IV, King of England (reigns until 1483).July Byzantine general Gaitzas Palaiologos honourably surrenders Salmeniko Castle, last garrison of the Despotate of the Morea, to invading forces of the Ottoman Empire after a year-long siege.Political map of Europe in 147022 July Louis XI of France succeeds Charles VII of France as king (reigns until 1483).1462: Sonni Ali Ber, the ruler of the Songhai (or Songhay) Empire, conquers Mali in the central Sudan by defeating the Tuareg contingent at Tomboucout (or Timbuktu) and capturing the city. He develops both his own capital, Gao, and the main centres of Mali, Timbuktu and Djenn, into major cities. Ali Ber controls trade along the Niger River with a navy of war vessels.1462: Mehmed the Conqueror is driven back by Wallachian prince Vlad III Dracula at The Night Attack.1464: Edward IV of England secretly marries Elizabeth Woodville.1465: The 1465 Moroccan revolt ends in the murder of the last Marinid Sultan of Morocco Abd al-Haqq II.1466: Singhawikramawardhana, succeeds Girishawardhana as ruler of Majapahit.[11]1467: Uzun Hasan defeats the Black Sheep Turkoman leader Jahn Shah.14671615: The Sengoku period is one of civil war in Japan.1469: The marriage of Ferdinand I of Aragon and Isabella I of Castile leads to the unification of Spain.The renaissance king Matthias Corvinus of Hungary. His mercenary standing army (the Black Army) had the strongest military potential of its era.1469: Matthias Corvinus of Hungary conquers some parts of Bohemia.1469: Birth of Guru Nanak Dev. Beside followers of Sikhism, Guru Nanak is revered by Hindus and Muslim Sufis across the Indian subcontinent.1469: Reign of Ayacatl begins in the Aztec capital of Tenochtitlan as the sixth tlatoani and emperor of the Aztec Triple Alliance.1470: The Moldavian forces under Stephen the Great defeat the Tatars of the Golden Horde at the Battle of Lipnic.1471: The kingdom of Champa suffers a massive defeat by the Vietnamese king L.Thnh Tng.1472: Abu Abd Allah al-Sheikh Muhammad ibn Yahya becomes the first Wattasid Sultan of Morocco.14741477: Burgundy Wars of France, Switzerland, Lorraine and Sigismund II of Habsburg against the Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy.1478: Muscovy conquers Novgorod.1478: Reign of Singhawikramawardhana ends.[11]1478: The Great Mosque of Demak is the oldest mosque in Java, built by the Wali Songo during the reign of Sultan Raden Patah.1479: Battle of Breadfield, Matthias Corvinus of Hungary defeated the Turks.1479: JagatGuru Vallabhaacharya Ji Mahaprabhu was born[12]The Siege of Rhodes (1480). Ships of the Hospitaliers in the forefront, and Turkish camp in the background.1480: After the Great standing on the Ugra river, Muscovy gained independence from the Great Horde.1481: Spanish Inquisition begins in practice with the first auto-da-fé.1481: Reign of Tizoc begins as the seventh tlatoani of Tenochtitlan and the emperor of the Aztec Triple Alliance.1482: Portuguese navigator Diogo Co becomes the first European to enter the Congo.1483: The Jews are expelled from Andalusia.1483: Pluto moves inside Neptune's orbit until July 23, 1503, according to modern orbital calculations.1484: William Caxton, the first printer of books in English, prints his translation of Aesop's Fables in London.1485: Matthias Corvinus of Hungary captured Vienna, Frederick III, Holy Roman Emperor ran away.1485: Henry VII defeats Richard III at the Battle of Bosworth and becomes King of England.1485: Ivan III of Russia conquered Tver.1485: Saluva Narasimha Deva Raya drives out Praudha Raya ending the Sangama Dynasty.1486: Sher Shah Suri, is born in Sasaram, Bihar.1486: Reign of Ahutuzatl begins as the eighth tlatoani of Tenochtitlan and emperor of the Aztec Triple Alliance).1487: Honghi Emperor ascends the throne, bringing Confucian ideology under his administration.1488: Portuguese Navigator Bartolomeu Dias sails around the Cape of Good Hope.View of Florence, birthplace of the Renaissance, in a 1493 woodcut from Hartmann Schedel's Nuremberg Chronicle1492: The death of Sunni Ali Ber led a leadership void in the Songhai Empire, and his son was soon dethroned by Mamadou Toure who ascended the throne in 1493 under the name Askia (meaning "general") Muhammad. 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